SAFETY DATA SHEET



1/11

NAT CHERRY FL WONF - 30763572

	fication
GHS product identifier	: NAT CHERRY FL WONF
Product code	: 30763572
Other means of identification	: Not available.
Product type	: Liquid.
Relevant identified uses o	f the substance or mixture and uses advised against
Not applicable.	
Supplier's details	: Kerry Inc. 3400 Millington Road Beloit, WI, 53511 Tel: 608-363-1200 KAProductSafety@kerry.com
Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)	: Chemtrec: 800-424-9300 (24 hours)
Section 2. Hazar	ds identification
OSHA/HCS status	: This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).
Classification of the substance or mixture	: EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown dermal toxicity: 25%
<u>GHS label elements</u> Hazard pictograms	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 25%
Hazard pictograms	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 25%
Hazard pictograms	 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 25% : Warning : Causes serious eye irritation.
Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements	 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 25% : Warning : Causes serious eye irritation.
Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements <u>Precautionary statement</u>	Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 25% : Warning : Causes serious eye irritation. S
Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements <u>Precautionary statement</u> Prevention	 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 25% Warning Causes serious eye irritation. S Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if
Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements <u>Precautionary statement</u> Prevention Response Storage Disposal	 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 25% Warning Causes serious eye irritation. S Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention
Hazard pictograms Signal word Hazard statements <u>Precautionary statement</u> Prevention Response Storage	 Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown inhalation toxicity: 25% Warning Causes serious eye irritation. S Wear eye or face protection. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention Not applicable.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture Other means of

identification

- : Mixture
- : Not available.

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
glycerol	≥25 - ≤50	56-81-5
Benzaldehyde	≤3	100-52-7

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact	: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.
Inhalation	: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.
Skin contact	: Flush contaminated skin with plenty of water. Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Get medical attention if symptoms occur. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes thoroughly before reuse.
Ingestion	: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention if adverse health effects persist or are severe. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effe	<u>cts, acute and delayed</u>
Potential acute health effects	
Eye contact :	Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion :	No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Over-exposure signs/symptor	<u>ns</u>
Eye contact :	Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation :	No specific data.
Skin contact :	No specific data.
Ingestion :	No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/25/2019	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 1	2/11
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Section 4. First aid measures

Notes to physician	: Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.
Specific treatments	: No specific treatment.
Protection of first-aiders	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media	
Suitable extinguishing media	: Use an extinguishing agent suitable for the surrounding fire.
Unsuitable extinguishing media	: None known.
Specific hazards arising from the chemical	: In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst.
Hazardous thermal decomposition products	: Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide carbon monoxide
Special protective actions for fire-fighters	 Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training.
Special protective equipment for fire-fighters	: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protect	tive equipment and emergency procedures
For non-emergency personnel	: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.
For emergency responders	: If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".
Environmental precautions	: Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).
Methods and materials for co	ntainment and cleaning up
Small spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.
Large spill	: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	1	
Protective measures	:	Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Do not ingest. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Empty containers retain product residue and can be hazardous. Do not reuse container.
Advice on general occupational hygiene	:	Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.
Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities	:	Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits		
glycerol	OSHA PEL 1989 (United States, 3/1989). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 10 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust OSHA PEL (United States, 6/2016). TWA: 5 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Respirable fraction TWA: 15 mg/m ³ 8 hours. Form: Total dust		
Benzaldehyde	AIHA WEEL (United States, 10/2011). Skin sensitizer. STEL: 4 ppm 15 minutes. TWA: 2 ppm 8 hours.		

Appropriate engineering controls Environmental exposure controls		Good general ventilation should be sufficient to control worker exposure to airborne contaminants. Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.
Individual protection measur	es	
Hygiene measures	:	Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.
Eye/face protection	:	Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.
Skin protection		

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

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Hand protection	: Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves cannot be accurately estimated.
Body protection	 Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Other skin protection	 Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product.
Respiratory protection	 Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

<u>Appearance</u>	
Physical state	: Liquid.
Color	: Colorless.
Odor	: Cherry.
Odor threshold	: Not available.
рН	: Not available.
Melting point	: Not available.
Boiling point	: Not available.
Flash point	: Closed cup: 99°C (210.2°F)
Evaporation rate	: Not available.
Flammability (solid, gas)	: Not available.
Lower and upper explosive	: Not available.
(flammable) limits	
Vapor pressure	: Not available.
Vapor density	: Not available.
Relative density	: 1.0858
Solubility	: Not available.
Solubility in water	: Not available.
Partition coefficient: n- octanol/water	: Not available.
Auto-ignition temperature	: Not available.
Decomposition temperature	: Not available.
Viscosity	: Not available.
Flow time (ISO 2431)	: Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/25/2019	Date of previous issue	: No previous validation	Version : 1	5/11
Conditions to avoid	: No specifi	c data.			
Possibility of hazardous reactions	: Under nor	mal conditions of storage a	and use, hazardous react	tions will not occur.	
Chemical stability	: The produ	ict is stable.			
Reactivity	: No specifi	c test data related to react	ivity available for this proc	duct or its ingredier	nts.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Incompatible materials : No specific data.

Hazardous decomposition : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

	-
glycerolLD50 OralRat12600 mg/kg-BenzaldehydeLD50 OralRat1300 mg/kg-	

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
glycerol	Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-
Benzaldehyde	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hours 500 milligrams	-

Sensitization

Not available.

Mutagenicity

Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Not available.

Reproductive toxicity

Not available.

Teratogenicity

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Name		Route of exposure	Target organs
Benzaldehyde	Category 3	Not applicable.	Respiratory tract irritation

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

Not available.

Information on the likely : Not available.

routes of exposure

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact	: Causes serious eye irritation.
Inhalation	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Skin contact	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.
Ingestion	: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

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Date of issue/Date of revision
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Section 11. Toxicological information

Symptoms related to the	physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics
Eye contact	: Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation watering redness
Inhalation	: No specific data.
Skin contact	: No specific data.
Ingestion	: No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

<u>Short term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
<u>Long term exposure</u>		
Potential immediate effects	: Not available.	
Potential delayed effects	: Not available.	
Potential chronic health effe	<u>icts</u>	
Not available.		
General	: No known significant effects or critical hazard	s.
Carcinogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazard	s.
Mutagenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazard	s.
Teratogenicity	: No known significant effects or critical hazard	s.
Developmental effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazard	s.
Fertility effects	: No known significant effects or critical hazard	s.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates		
Route	ATE value	
	50734.3 mg/kg 43.9 mg/l	

Section 12. Ecological information

Result	Species	Exposure
Acute LC50 1.3 mg/l Marine water	Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling)	48 hours
Acute LC50 9 mg/l Fresh water	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 hours 96 hours
	Acute LC50 1.3 mg/l Marine water	Acute LC50 1.3 mg/l Marine water Crustaceans - Americamysis bahia - Juvenile (Fledgling, Hatchling, Weanling) Acute LC50 9 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna

Persistence and degradability

Not available.

Taviality

Bioaccumulative potential

Section 12. Ecological information

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
glycerol	-1.76	-	low
Benzaldehyde	1.48		low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition	: Not available.
coefficient (Koc)	

Other adverse effects : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

- **Disposal methods**
- : The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

	DOT Classification	TDG Classification	Mexico Classification	ADR/RID	IMDG	IATA
UN number	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.	Not regulated.
UN proper shipping name	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transport hazard class(es)	-	-	-	-	-	-
Packing group	-	-	-	-	-	-
Environmental hazards	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.	No.

Additional information

DOT Classification	: -
TDG Classification	: -
Mexico Classification	: -
ADR/RID	: -
IMDG	: -
IATA	: -

Special precautions for user : Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

8/11

Section 14. Transport information

Transport in bulk according : Not available. to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations	TSCA 8(a) PAIR: benzaldehyde; vanillin; Proprietary; isopentyl acetate TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined	
	Clean Water Act (CWA) 311: isopentyl acetate	
Clean Air Act Section 112 (b) Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)	Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I Substances	Not listed	
Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II Substances	Not listed	
DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor Chemicals)	Listed	
DEA List II Chemicals (Essential Chemicals)	Not listed	
SARA 302/304		
Composition/information	<u>ingredients</u>	
No products were found		

No products were found.

pplicable.

SARA 311/312 Classification

: EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
glycerol Benzaldehyde	≥25 - ≤50 ≤3	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (oral) - Category 4 ACUTE TOXICITY (inhalation) - Category 4 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SPECIFIC TARGET ORGAN TOXICITY (SINGLE EXPOSURE) (Respiratory tract irritation) - Category 3

State regulations

Massachusetts	: The following components are listed: GLYCERINE MIST; BENZALDEHYDE	
New York	: None of the components are listed.	
New Jersey	 The following components are listed: GLYCERIN; 1,2,3-PROPANETRIOL; PROPYLENE GLYCOL; 1,2-PROPANEDIOL; BENZALDEHYDE 	
Pennsylvania	 The following components are listed: 1,2,3-PROPANETRIOL; 1,2-PROPANEDIOL; BENZALDEHYDE 	
International regulations	<u>s</u>	
Chemical Weapon Con	vention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals	
Not listed.		
Montreal Protocol (Ann	<u>nexes A, B, C, E)</u>	
Not listed.		
Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants		

Section 15. Regulatory information

Not listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

Not listed.

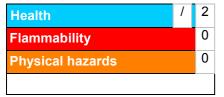
UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Not listed.

Inventory list	
Australia	: Not determined.
Canada	: Not determined.
China	: Not determined.
Europe	: Not determined.
Japan	: Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined. Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.
Malaysia	: Not determined.
New Zealand	: Not determined.
Philippines	: Not determined.
Republic of Korea	: Not determined.
Taiwan	: Not determined.
Thailand	: Not determined.
Turkey	: Not determined.
United States	: Not determined.
Viet Nam	: Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)



Caution: HMIS® ratings are based on a 0-4 rating scale, with 0 representing minimal hazards or risks, and 4 representing significant hazards or risks. Although HMIS® ratings and the associated label are not required on SDSs or products leaving a facility under 29 CFR 1910.1200, the preparer may choose to provide them. HMIS® ratings are to be used with a fully implemented HMIS® program. HMIS® is a registered trademark and service mark of the American Coatings Association, Inc.

The customer is responsible for determining the PPE code for this material. For more information on HMIS® Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) codes, consult the HMIS® Implementation Manual.

National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Section 16. Other information

Procedure used to derive the classification

	Classification	Justification	
EYE IRRITATION - Categor	y 2A	Calculation method	
History			
Date of printing	: 11/25/2019		
Date of issue/Date of revision	: 11/25/2019		
Date of previous issue	: No previous validation		
Version	: 1		
Key to abbreviations	IATA = International Air Transport Association IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition MARPOL = International Convention for the Prev	ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate BCF = Bioconcentration Factor BHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ATA = International Air Transport Association BC = International Air Transport Association BC = International Maritime Dangerous Goods .ogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 Is modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine pollution)	
References	: Not available.		

✓ Indicates information that has changed from previously issued version.

Notice to reader

To the best of our knowledge, the information contained herein is accurate. However, neither the above-named supplier, nor any of its subsidiaries, assumes any liability whatsoever for the accuracy or completeness of the information contained herein.

Final determination of suitability of any material is the sole responsibility of the user. All materials may present unknown hazards and should be used with caution. Although certain hazards are described herein, we cannot guarantee that these are the only hazards that exist.