

SAFETY DATA SHEET

NAT LEMON EXTRACT 8103 3.5 KG

Section 1. Identification

GHS product identifier : NAT LEMON EXTRACT 8103 3.5 KG

Product code : 20611071

Chemical name : LEMON EXTRACT 8103 **Other means of identification** : LEMON EXTRACT 8103

Product type : liquid

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Not applicable.

Supplier's details

Kerry Inc.

3400 Millington Road Beloit, WI, 53511 USA

USA

+1.608.363.1200

Emergency telephone number (with hours of operation)

CHEMTREC: 1-800-424-9300 (24 hours)

Section 2. Hazards identification

OSHA/HCS status : This material is considered hazardous by the OSHA Hazard

Communication Standard (29 CFR 1910.1200).

Classification of the substance or

mixture

FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2 EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown

dermal toxicity: 1.1 %

Percentage of the mixture consisting of ingredient(s) of unknown

inhalation toxicity: 7.4 %

GHS label elements

Hazard pictograms



Signal word : Danger

Hazard statements : Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

Causes serious eye irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction. Suspected of causing cancer.

Precautionary statements

General : Not applicable.

Prevention : Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety

precautions have been read and understood. Wear protective gloves. Wear eye or face protection. Wear protective clothing. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, lighting and all material-handling equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Keep container tightly closed. Avoid breathing vapor. Wash hands thoroughly after handling. Contaminated work clothing must not be

allowed out of the workplace.

Response : IF exposed or concerned: Get medical attention. If on skin (or hair):

Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or shower. If on skin: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Wash contaminated clothing before reuse. If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical attention. If in eyes: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

Storage : Store locked up. Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

Disposal : Dispose of contents and container in accordance with all local,

regional, national and international regulations.

Hazards not otherwise classified : None known.

Section 3. Composition/information on ingredients

Substance/mixture : Mixture

Chemical name : LEMON EXTRACT 8103 **Other means of identification** : LEMON EXTRACT 8103

Ingredient name	%	CAS number
Ethanol	>= 25 - <= 50	64-17-5
Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethenyl)-, (4R)-	> 0 - <= 5	5989-27-5
1,4-Cyclohexadiene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-	> 0 - <= 3	99-85-4
Bicyclo[3.1.1]heptane, 6,6-dimethyl-2-methylene-	> 0 - <= 2	127-91-3
1,6-Octadiene, 7-methyl-3-methylene-	> 0 - <= 0.3	123-35-3

Any concentration shown as a range is to protect confidentiality or is due to batch variation.

There are no additional ingredients present which, within the current knowledge of the supplier and in the concentrations applicable, are classified as hazardous to health or the environment and hence require reporting in this section.

Occupational exposure limits, if available, are listed in Section 8.

Section 4. First aid measures

Description of necessary first aid measures

Eye contact: Immediately flush eyes with plenty of water, occasionally lifting the upper and lower eyelids. Check for and remove any contact lenses.

Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention.

Inhalation : Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable

for breathing. If not breathing, if breathing is irregular or if respiratory arrest occurs, provide artificial respiration or oxygen by trained personnel. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Get medical attention. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a collar, tie,

belt or waistband.

Skin contact: Wash with plenty of soap and water. Remove contaminated clothing

and shoes. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves. Continue to rinse for at least 10 minutes. Get medical attention. In the event of any complaints or symptoms, avoid further exposure. Wash clothing before reuse. Clean shoes

thoroughly before reuse.

Ingestion: Wash out mouth with water. Remove dentures if any. Remove victim

to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing. If material has been swallowed and the exposed person is conscious, give small quantities of water to drink. Stop if the exposed person feels sick as vomiting may be dangerous. Do not induce vomiting unless directed to do so by medical personnel. If vomiting occurs, the head should be kept low so that vomit does not enter the lungs. Get medical attention.

Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If unconscious, place in recovery position and get medical attention immediately. Maintain an open airway. Loosen tight clothing such as a

collar, tie, belt or waistband.

Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact : May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Over-exposure signs/symptoms

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation,

watering, rednessNo specific data.

Skin contact: Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

Notes to physician : Treat symptomatically. Contact poison treatment specialist

immediately if large quantities have been ingested or inhaled.

Specific treatments : No specific treatment.

Protection of first-aiders : No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without

suitable training. It may be dangerous to the person providing aid to give mouth-to-mouth resuscitation. Wash contaminated clothing thoroughly with water before removing it, or wear gloves.

See toxicological information (Section 11)

Section 5. Fire-fighting measures

Extinguishing media

Inhalation

Suitable extinguishing media Unsuitable extinguishing media : Use dry chemical, CO₂, water spray (fog) or foam.

Do not use water jet.

Specific hazards arising from the chemical

: Highly flammable liquid and vapor. Runoff to sewer may create fire or explosion hazard. In a fire or if heated, a pressure increase will occur and the container may burst, with the risk of a subsequent explosion.

Hazardous thermal decomposition products

Decomposition products may include the following materials: carbon dioxide, carbon monoxide

Special protective actions for firefighters : Promptly isolate the scene by removing all persons from the vicinity of the incident if there is a fire. No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Move containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Use water spray to keep fire-exposed containers cool.

Special protective equipment for fire-fighters

: Fire-fighters should wear appropriate protective equipment and self-contained breathing apparatus (SCBA) with a full face-piece operated in positive pressure mode.

Section 6. Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

: No action shall be taken involving any personal risk or without suitable training. Evacuate surrounding areas. Keep unnecessary and unprotected personnel from entering. Do not touch or walk through spilled material. Shut off all ignition sources. No flares, smoking or

flames in hazard area. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Provide adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Put on appropriate personal protective equipment.

For emergency responders

If specialized clothing is required to deal with the spillage, take note of any information in Section 8 on suitable and unsuitable materials. See also the information in "For non-emergency personnel".

Environmental precautions

Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers. Inform the relevant authorities if the product has caused environmental pollution (sewers, waterways, soil or air).

Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Small spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Dilute with water and mop up if water-soluble. Alternatively, or if water-insoluble, absorb with an inert dry material and place in an appropriate waste disposal container. Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor.

Large spill

: Stop leak if without risk. Move containers from spill area. Use spark-proof tools and explosion-proof equipment. Approach release from upwind. Prevent entry into sewers, water courses, basements or confined areas. Wash spillages into an effluent treatment plant or proceed as follows. Contain and collect spillage with non-combustible, absorbent material e.g. sand, earth, vermiculite or diatomaceous earth and place in container for disposal according to local regulations (see Section 13). Dispose of via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Contaminated absorbent material may pose the same hazard as the spilled product. Note: see Section 1 for emergency contact information and Section 13 for waste disposal.

Section 7. Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Protective measures

Put on appropriate personal protective equipment (see Section 8). Persons with a history of skin sensitization problems should not be employed in any process in which this product is used. Avoid exposure - obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes or on skin or clothing. Do not ingest. Avoid breathing vapor or mist. Use only with adequate ventilation. Wear appropriate respirator when ventilation is inadequate. Do not enter storage areas and confined spaces unless adequately ventilated. Keep in the original container or an approved alternative made from a compatible material, kept tightly closed when not in use. Store and use away from heat, sparks, open flame or any other ignition source. Use explosion-proof electrical (ventilating, lighting and material handling) equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against electrostatic discharges. Empty containers retain product residue and can be

Advice on general occupational hygiene

hazardous. Do not reuse container.

Eating, drinking and smoking should be prohibited in areas where this material is handled, stored and processed. Workers should wash hands and face before eating, drinking and smoking. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. See also Section 8 for additional information on hygiene measures.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store in accordance with local regulations. Store in a segregated and approved area. Store in original container protected from direct sunlight in a dry, cool and well-ventilated area, away from incompatible materials (see Section 10) and food and drink. Store locked up. Eliminate all ignition sources. Separate from oxidizing materials. Keep container tightly closed and sealed until ready for use. Containers that have been opened must be carefully resealed and kept upright to prevent leakage. Do not store in unlabeled containers. Use appropriate containment to avoid environmental contamination. See Section 10 for incompatible materials before handling or use.

Section 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational exposure limits

Ingredient name	Exposure limits
Ethanol	ACGIH TLV (2008-11-24) STEL 1,000 ppm OSHA PEL 1989 (1989-03-01) TWA 1,900 mg/m3 1,000 ppm OSHA PEL (1993-06-30) TWA 1,900 mg/m3 1,000 ppm NIOSH REL (1994-06-01) TWA 1,900 mg/m3 1,000 ppm
Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethenyl)-, (4R)-	AIHA WEEL (1999-01-01) TWA 30 ppm
Bicyclo[3.1.1]heptane, 6,6-dimethyl-2-methylene-	ACGIH TLV (2003-01-01) Skin sensitizer TWA 20 ppm
1,4-Cyclohexadiene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-	None.
1,6-Octadiene, 7-methyl-3-methylene-	None.

Appropriate engineering controls

Use only with adequate ventilation. Use process enclosures, local exhaust ventilation or other engineering controls to keep worker exposure to airborne contaminants below any recommended or

statutory limits. The engineering controls also need to keep gas, vapor or dust concentrations below any lower explosive limits. Use explosion-proof ventilation equipment.

Environmental exposure controls

Emissions from ventilation or work process equipment should be checked to ensure they comply with the requirements of environmental protection legislation. In some cases, fume scrubbers, filters or engineering modifications to the process equipment will be necessary to reduce emissions to acceptable levels.

Individual protection measures

Hygiene measures : Wash hands, forearms and face thoroughly after handling chemical

products, before eating, smoking and using the lavatory and at the end of the working period. Appropriate techniques should be used to remove potentially contaminated clothing. Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace. Wash contaminated clothing before reusing. Ensure that eyewash stations

and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

Eye/face protection : Safety eyewear complying with an approved standard should be used

when a risk assessment indicates this is necessary to avoid exposure to liquid splashes, mists, gases or dusts. If contact is possible, the following protection should be worn, unless the assessment indicates a

higher degree of protection: chemical splash goggles.

Skin protection

Hand protection : Chemical-resistant, impervious gloves complying with an approved

standard should be worn at all times when handling chemical products if a risk assessment indicates this is necessary. Considering the parameters specified by the glove manufacturer, check during use that the gloves are still retaining their protective properties. It should be noted that the time to breakthrough for any glove material may be different for different glove manufacturers. In the case of mixtures, consisting of several substances, the protection time of the gloves

cannot be accurately estimated.

Body protection : Personal protective equipment for the body should be selected based

on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this product. When there is a risk of ignition from static electricity, wear anti-static protective clothing. For the greatest protection from static discharges, clothing

should include anti-static overalls, boots and gloves.

Other skin protection : Appropriate footwear and any additional skin protection measures should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks

should be selected based on the task being performed and the risks involved and should be approved by a specialist before handling this

product

Respiratory protection: Based on the hazard and potential for exposure, select a respirator that

meets the appropriate standard or certification. Respirators must be used according to a respiratory protection program to ensure proper

fitting, training, and other important aspects of use.

Section 9. Physical and chemical properties

Appearance

Physical state : liquid

Color : Colorless to light yellow.

Odor:Not available.Odor threshold:Not available.pH:Not available.Melting point:Not available.Boiling point:Not available.Flash point:21 °C (70 °F)

Evaporation rate : Not available. **Flammability (solid, gas)** : Not available.

Lower and upper explosive : Lower: Not available. (flammable) limits : Upper: Not available.

Vapor pressure: Not available.Vapor density: Not available.Relative density: 0.9232

Solubility: Not available.Solubility in water: Not available.Partition coefficient: n-: Not available.

octanol/water

Auto-ignition temperature: Not available.Decomposition temperature: Not available.

Viscosity : Dynamic: Not available.

Kinematic: Not available.

Flow time (ISO 2431) : Not available.

Section 10. Stability and reactivity

Reactivity: No specific test data related to reactivity available for this product or

its ingredients.

Chemical stability : The product is stable.

Possibility of hazardous reactions : Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous reactions will

not occur.

Conditions to avoid : Avoid all possible sources of ignition (spark or flame). Do not

pressurize, cut, weld, braze, solder, drill, grind or expose containers to

heat or sources of ignition.

Incompatible materials : Reactive or incompatible with the following materials: oxidizing

materials

Hazardous decomposition products

: Under normal conditions of storage and use, hazardous decomposition products should not be produced.

Section 11. Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Acute toxicity

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Dose	Exposure
1,6-Octadiene, 7-methyl-3-me	ethylene-			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	11,390 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5,000 mg/kg	-
1,4-Cyclohexadiene, 1-methy	1-4-(1-methylethyl)-			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	3,650 mg/kg	-
Bicyclo[3.1.1]heptane, 6,6-din	methyl-2-methylene-			•
-	LD50 Oral	Rat	4,700 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	5,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5,000 mg/kg	-
Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-1	methylethenyl)-, (4R)-			
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4,400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	4,400 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Dermal	Rabbit	5,000 mg/kg	-
Ethanol				
	LD50 Oral	Rat	15,010 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7,000 mg/kg	-
	LD50 Oral	Rat	7,060 mg/kg	-
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	20,000 ppm	10 h
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	5.9 mg/l	6 h
	LC50 Inhalation	Rat	124.7 mg/l	4 h

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Irritation/Corrosion

Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Score	Exposure	Observation
1,6-Octadiene, 7-methyl-3-methylene-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
1,4-Cyclohexadiene, 1- methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
Bicyclo[3.1.1]heptane, 6,6-dimethyl-2-methylene-	Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethenyl)-, (4R)-	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
Ethanol	Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-		-
	Skin - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-		-

Skin - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
Eyes - Severe irritant	Rabbit	-		-
Eyes - Mild irritant	Rabbit	-	24 hrs	-
Eyes - Moderate irritant	Rabbit	-	0.001 hrs	-

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not available.Eyes: Not available.Respiratory: Not available.

Sensitization

Conclusion/Summary

Skin: Not available.Respiratory: Not available.

Mutagenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Carcinogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Classification

Product/ingredient name	OSHA	IARC	NTP
1,6-Octadiene, 7-methyl-3-	-	2B	-
methylene-			
Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-	-	3	-
(1-methylethenyl)-, (4R)-			
Ethanol	-	1	-

Reproductive toxicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Teratogenicity

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure)

Not available.

Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure)

Not available.

Aspiration hazard

me	Result
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1,6-Octadiene, 7-methyl-3-methylene-	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,4-Cyclohexadiene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Bicyclo[3.1.1]heptane, 6,6-dimethyl-2-methylene-	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethenyl)-, (4R)-	ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1

Information on the likely routes of :

exposure

Not available.

Potential acute health effects

Eye contact : Causes serious eye irritation.

Inhalation : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Skin contact: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Ingestion : No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Symptoms related to the physical, chemical and toxicological characteristics

Eye contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: pain or irritation,

watering, redness

Inhalation : No specific data.

Skin contact : Adverse symptoms may include the following: irritation, redness

Ingestion : No specific data.

Delayed and immediate effects and also chronic effects from short and long term exposure

Short term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.
Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Long term exposure

Potential immediate effects : Not available.

Potential delayed effects : Not available.

Potential chronic health effects

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

General : Once sensitized, a severe allergic reaction may occur when

subsequently exposed to very low levels.

Carcinogenicity: Suspected of causing cancer. Risk of cancer depends on duration and

level of exposure.

Mutagenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Teratogenicity: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Developmental effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.Fertility effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Numerical measures of toxicity

Acute toxicity estimates

Route	ATE value
Oral	58,644.9 mg/kg
Dermal	80,289 mg/kg

Section 12. Ecological information

Toxicity

1,4-Cyclohexadiene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)- Acute EC50 3.45 mg/l Fresh water Daphnia - Daphnia magna 48 h Bicyclo[3.1.1]heptane, 6,6-dimethyl-2-methylene- Chronic NOEC 580 μg/l Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 60 d Chronic NOEC 1,100 μg/l Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 60 d Chronic NOEC 580 μg/l Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 60 d Chronic NOEC 58 μg/l Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 60 d Chronic NOEC 58 μg/l Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 60 d Chronic NOEC 58 μg/l Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 60 d Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethenyl)-, (4R)- Acute LC50 702 μg/l Fresh Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water Acute LC50 720 μg/l Fresh Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water Acute LC50 720 μg/l Fresh Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water Acute LC50 35,000 μg/l Fresh Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h Water Acute LC50 35,000 μg/l Fresh Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h Water Acute LC50 35,000 μg/l Fresh Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h Water Acute LC50 35,000 μg/l Fresh Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h Water Acute LC50 35,000 μg/l Fresh Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h	Product/ingredient name	Result	Species	Exposure
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Bicyclo[3.1.1]heptane, 6,6-dimethyl-2-methylene- Chronic NOEC 580 μg/l Fresh water		Acute EC50 3.45 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
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Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-methylethenyl)-, (4R)- Acute LC50 702 μg/l Fresh Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water Acute EC50 688 μg/l Fresh Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water Acute LC50 720 μg/l Fresh Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water Acute LC50 720 μg/l Fresh Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water Acute LC50 35,000 μg/l Fresh Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h water			Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	60 d
Acute LC50 702 μg/l Fresh Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water Acute EC50 688 μg/l Fresh Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water Acute LC50 720 μg/l Fresh Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water Acute LC50 35,000 μg/l Fresh Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h water		I .		
water Acute EC50 688 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 720 μg/l Fresh Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water Acute LC50 720 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 35,000 μg/l Fresh water Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h	Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-m		I	Last
Acute EC50 688 μg/l Fresh Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water Acute LC50 720 μg/l Fresh Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water Acute LC50 35,000 μg/l Fresh Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h water		. •	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 h
water Acute LC50 720 μg/l Fresh water Acute LC50 35,000 μg/l Fresh water Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water 96 h				0.51
Acute LC50 720 μg/l Fresh Fish - Pimephales promelas 96 h water Acute LC50 35,000 μg/l Fresh Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h water		. •	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 h
water Acute LC50 35,000 µg/l Fresh Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h water			F' 1 D' 1 1 1	061
Acute LC50 35,000 μg/l Fresh Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h water		. 0	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 h
water		II.	Fish Oncode when the condition	06.1
			Fish - Oncornynchus mykiss	96 n
Acute EC50 69,600 μg/l Fresh Daphnia - Daphnia pulex 48 h		I .	Donhaio Donhaio aulor	10 h
			Dapinna - Dapinna pulex	46 11
water Acute EC50 421 µg/l Fresh Daphnia - Daphnia magna 48 h		I .	Donhnia Donhnia magna	10 h
water Dapinia - Dapinia magna 48 ii		. •	Dapinna - Dapinna magna	40 11
Acute LC50 577 µg/l Fresh Daphnia - Daphnia magna 48 h			Danhnia - Danhnia magna	18 h
water		. 0	Dapinia Dapinia magna	40 II
Acute LC50 924 µg/l Fresh Daphnia - Daphnia magna 48 h			Danhnia - Danhnia magna	48 h
water			Bupinnu Bupinnu mugnu	10 11
Acute EC50 7.85 mg/l Fresh Daphnia - Daphnia magna 48 h			Danhnia - Danhnia magna	48 h
water		_	Bupinnu Bupinnu mugnu	10 11
Ethanol	Ethanol	1	I.	ı
Acute LC50 11,000,000 µg/l Fish - Alburnus alburnus 96 h		Acute LC50 11,000.000 ug/l	Fish - Alburnus alburnus	96 h
Marine water				, J.
Acute LC50 42,000 μg/l Fresh Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss 96 h			Fish - Oncorhynchus mykiss	96 h
water				

Acute EC50 12,800 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 h
water	E: 1 B: 1 1	0.61
Acute EC50 12,900.0 mg/l Fresh water	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 h
Acute LC50 12,720 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Pimephales promelas	96 h
water		
Acute LC50 25,500 μg/l Marine	Crustaceans - Artemia	48 h
water	franciscana	
Acute LC50 6,076,000 μg/l	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 h
Fresh water	dubia	
Acute LC50 3,715,000 μg/l	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 h
Fresh water	dubia	
Acute LC50 5,577,000 μg/l	Crustaceans - Ceriodaphnia	48 h
Fresh water	dubia	
Acute EC50 1,074 mg/l Fresh	Crustaceans - Cypris	48 h
water	subglobosa	
Acute LC50 9,268,000 μg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
Fresh water		
Acute LC50 5,680 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
water		
Acute EC50 2,000 µg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
water		
Acute LC50 9,248,000 μg/l	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
Fresh water		
Acute EC50 7,640 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	48 h
water		
Acute EC50 17.921 mg/l Marine	Algae - Ulva pertusa	96 h
water		
Chronic NOEC 4.995 mg/l	Algae - Ulva pertusa	4 d
Marine water		
Chronic NOEC 50 mg/l Marine	Algae - Hormosira banksii	3 d
water Chronic NOEC 350 mg/l Fresh	Algae - Heterosigma akashiwo	4 d
water	Aigae - neterosigina akasinwo	+ u
Chronic NOEC 14 mg/l Fresh	Algae - Eutreptiella sp.	4 d
water	,	
Chronic NOEC 20 mg/l Fresh	Algae - Prorocentrum	4 d
water	minimum	
Chronic NOEC 0.375 mg/l Fresh	Fish - Gambusia holbrooki	84 d
water		
Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 d
water	1 r	
Chronic NOEC 100 mg/l Fresh	Daphnia - Daphnia magna	21 d
water		
1		ı

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Persistence and degradability

Conclusion/Summary : Not available.

Bioaccumulative potential

Product/ingredient name	LogPow	BCF	Potential
1,6-Octadiene, 7-methyl-3-methylene-	5.285	-	high
1,4-Cyclohexadiene, 1-methyl-4-(1-	4.5	-	high
methylethyl)-			
Bicyclo[3.1.1]heptane, 6,6-dimethyl-	4.425	-	high
2-methylene-			
Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-(1-	4.57	-	high
methylethenyl)-, (4R)-			
Ethanol	-0.35	-	low

Mobility in soil

Soil/water partition coefficient

(KOC)

Not available.

Other adverse effects: No known significant effects or critical hazards.

Section 13. Disposal considerations

Disposal methods

The generation of waste should be avoided or minimized wherever possible. Disposal of this product, solutions and any by-products should at all times comply with the requirements of environmental protection and waste disposal legislation and any regional local authority requirements. Dispose of surplus and non-recyclable products via a licensed waste disposal contractor. Waste should not be disposed of untreated to the sewer unless fully compliant with the requirements of all authorities with jurisdiction. Waste packaging should be recycled. Incineration or landfill should only be considered when recycling is not feasible. This material and its container must be disposed of in a safe way. Care should be taken when handling emptied containers that have not been cleaned or rinsed out. Empty containers or liners may retain some product residues. Vapor from product residues may create a highly flammable or explosive atmosphere inside the container. Do not cut, weld or grind used containers unless they have been cleaned thoroughly internally. Avoid dispersal of spilled material and runoff and contact with soil, waterways, drains and sewers.

Section 14. Transport information

The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5 L or ≤ 5 kg. Special

provisions: 640C 640C <u>Tunnel code: (D/E)</u>

IMDG

UN number UN1170

UN proper shipping name ETHYL ALCOHOL

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group II
Label requirements 3
Environmental hazards

Additional information EmS,MFAG:: No F-E S-D

IATA

UN number UN1170 UN proper shipping name Ethyl alcohol

Transport hazard class(es) 3
Packing group II
Label requirements 3
Environmental hazards
Additional information 3L

Additional information

TDG Classification : Product classified as per the following sections of the Transportation of

Dangerous Goods Regulations: 2.18-2.19 (Class 3), 2.7 (Marine pollutant

mark)

The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported by road or rail.

ADR/RID : The environmentally hazardous substance mark is not required when

transported in sizes of \leq 5 L or \leq 5 kg.

<u>Special provisions</u> 640C Tunnel code (D/E)

IMDG : The marine pollutant mark is not required when transported in sizes of ≤ 5

L or ≤ 5 kg.

IATA : The environmentally hazardous substance mark may appear if required by

other transportation regulations.

Special precautions for user: Transport within user's premises: always transport in closed containers

that are upright and secure. Ensure that persons transporting the product

know what to do in the event of an accident or spillage.

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the

IBC Code

Not available.

Section 15. Regulatory information

U.S. Federal regulations

TSCA 8(a) CDR Exempt/Partial exemption: Not determined United States - TSCA 8(a) - Preliminary assessment report (PAIR): 2,6-Octadienal, 3,7-dimethyl-, (2E)-; 6-Octenal, 3,7-dimethyl-, (2E)-; 6-Octadienal, 3,7-dimethyl-, 3,7-dim

dimethyl-; Octanal;

Clean Air Act Section 112(b) : Not listed

Hazardous Air Pollutants (HAPs)

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class I : Not listed

Substances

Clean Air Act Section 602 Class II : Not listed

Substances

DEA List I Chemicals (Precursor: Not listed

Chemicals)

DEA List II Chemicals (Essential: Not listed

Chemicals)

SARA 302/304

Composition/information on ingredients

No products were found.

SARA 304 RQ : Not applicable.

SARA 311/312

Classification : FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2

EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1 CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2

Composition/information on ingredients

Name	%	Classification
Ethanol	>= 25 - <= 50	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
Cyclohexene, 1-methyl-4-	> 0 - <= 5	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
(1-methylethenyl)-, (4R)-		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
Bicyclo[3.1.1]heptane, 6,6-	> 0 - <= 2	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
dimethyl-2-methylene-		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2
		EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A
		SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1B
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,4-Cyclohexadiene, 1-	> 0 - <= 3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
methyl-4-(1-methylethyl)-		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Fertility - Category 2
		TOXIC TO REPRODUCTION - Unborn child - Category 2
		ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1
1,6-Octadiene, 7-methyl-3-	> 0 - <= 0.3	FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 3
methylene-		SKIN IRRITATION - Category 2

	EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2 ASPIRATION HAZARD - Category 1	
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State regulations

Massachusetts : None of the components are listed.

New York : None of the components are listed.

New Jersey : The following components are listed:

Ethanol

Pennsylvania : The following components are listed:

Ethanol

California Prop. 65

{ error: graphic file not found: E:\WWI\graphics\60_2jdg_7pt.png } WARNING: This product can expose you to 1,6-Octadiene, 7-methyl-3-methylene-, which is known to the State of California to cause cancer. For more information go to www.P65Warnings.ca.gov.

Ingredient name	No significant risk level	Maximum acceptable dosage level
1,6-Octadiene, 7-methyl-3-methylene-	-	-

International regulations

Chemical Weapon Convention List Schedules I, II & III Chemicals

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule I Chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule II Chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Chemical Weapons Convention List Schedule III Chemicals

None of the components are listed.

Montreal Protocol (Annexes A, B, C, E)

None of the components are listed.

Stockholm Convention on Persistent Organic Pollutants

Annex A - Elimination - Production

None of the components are listed.

Annex A - Elimination - Use

None of the components are listed.

Annex B - Restriction - Production

None of the components are listed.

Annex B - Restriction - Use

None of the components are listed.

Annex C - Unintentional - Production

None of the components are listed.

Rotterdam Convention on Prior Informed Consent (PIC)

None of the components are listed.

UNECE Aarhus Protocol on POPs and Heavy Metals

Heavy metals - Annex 1

None of the components are listed.

POPs - Annex 1 - Production

None of the components are listed.

POPs - Annex 1 - Use

None of the components are listed.

POPs - Annex 2

None of the components are listed.

POPs - Annex 3

None of the components are listed.

Inventory list

Australia: Not determined.Canada: Not determined.China: Not determined.Europe: Not determined.

Japan inventory (ENCS): Not determined.

Japan inventory (ISHL): Not determined.

Malaysia Not determined. **New Zealand** Not determined. **Philippines** Not determined. Republic of Korea Not determined. **Taiwan** Not determined. Not determined. Thailand Not determined. **Turkey United States** Not determined. Viet Nam Not determined.

Section 16. Other information

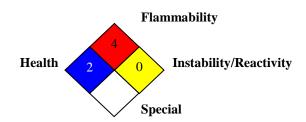
Hazardous Material Information System (U.S.A.)

Health	*	2
Flammability		3
Physical hazards		0

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National Fire Protection Association (U.S.A.)



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Copyright ©2001, National Fire Protection Association, Quincy, MA 02269. This warning system is intended to be interpreted and applied only by properly trained individuals to identify fire, health and reactivity hazards of chemicals. The user is referred to certain limited number of chemicals with recommended classifications in NFPA 49 and NFPA 325, which would be used as a guideline only. Whether the chemicals are classified by NFPA or not, anyone using the 704 systems to classify chemicals does so at their own risk.

Procedure used to derive the classification

Classification	Justification
FLAMMABLE LIQUIDS - Category 2	On basis of test data
EYE IRRITATION - Category 2A	Calculation method
SKIN SENSITIZATION - Category 1	Calculation method
CARCINOGENICITY - Category 2	Calculation method

History

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Prepared by : TALBERT

Key to abbreviations : ATE = Acute Toxicity Estimate

BCF = Bioconcentration Factor

GHS = Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of

Chemicals

IATA = International Air Transport Association

IBC = Intermediate Bulk Container

IMDG = International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LogPow = logarithm of the octanol/water partition coefficient

MARPOL = International Convention for the Prevention of Pollution From Ships, 1973 as modified by the Protocol of 1978. ("Marpol" = marine

pollution)

UN = United Nations

References : Not available.

Notice to reader

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